

THE RISE OF ASIA

IN GLOBAL HISTORY AND PERSPECTIVE

LA MONTEE DE L'ASIE

EN HISTOIRE ET PERSPECTIVE GLOBALES

**60 years after Belgrade:
what non-alignment
in a multipolar world
and for a global future?**

**60 ans après
Belgrade :
quel non-
alignement dans
un monde
multipolaire et
pour un avenir
mondial ?**



CONFERENCE PROGRAMME

INTERNATIONAL AND INTERDISCIPLINARY WEBCONFERENCING

Paris, Université Paris 1 Panthéon-Sorbonne, February 10, 2021

Le Havre, Université Le Havre Normandie, February 11-12, 2021



**In collaboration with
Master's Degree in Management and International Trade – Exchanges with Asia
Bachelor's Degree in Applied Languages – English and Asian Languages
Université Le Havre Normandie**

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THE RISE OF ASIA IN GLOBAL HISTORY AND PERSPECTIVE LA MONTEE DE L'ASIE EN HISTOIRE ET PERSPECTIVE GLOBALES

60 YEARS AFTER BELGRADE: WHAT NON-ALIGNMENT IN A MULTIPOLAR WORLD AND FOR A GLOBAL FUTURE?

INTERNATIONAL AND INTERDISCIPLINARY WEBCONFERENCING

French Time Zone February 10-12, 2021

<http://www.bandungspirit.org/>

The conference is open to public with registration free of charge. To register and get the conference programme, please, visit the conference web site frequently and click on the conference poster.

INTRODUCTION

"NAM must continue to be a voice of reason and moderation, and must never fail to work, within the framework of the UN Charter, for peace, stability, human progress and justice, even when it seems difficult."

(H.E. Tijjani Muhammad Bande, President of the 74th Session of the United Nations General Assembly, 24 October 2019, *Statement* delivered for the 18th NAM Summit, Baku, Azerbaijan, October 25-26, 2019, <https://www.un.org/pga/74/2019/10/25/non-aligned-movement-summit/>).

Both the United Nations and NAM aim to achieve International Peace and Security. The United Nations emerged in 1945 from a destructive World War, to "save future generation from the scourge of war". NAM was formed in 1961, at the height of the Cold War, to achieve a world of peace and justice, with respect and solidarity, at the heart of cooperation and development.

The ideals emphasized by the United Nations, to guarantee peace, are the same that NAM stands for. This include the respect of fundamental human rights, sovereignty and territorial integrity of all nations, non-intervention in the internal affairs of countries, equality of all races and nations, as well as the peaceful resolution of all international conflicts.

The aforementioned are part of the Bandung Principles and continue to be relevant today, as they are critical for the attainment of international peace and security, as well as the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

[...]

It is impossible to talk of the achievements of the United Nations, without mentioning the contribution of NAM, particularly the many ways the movement reinforces the principles of the Charter of the United Nations – through opposition against colonialism, racism, hegemony, aggression, as well as foreign intervention and/or occupation. The values the Movement bring to bear on the world, through the cooperation of its member states with the United Nations, cannot be taken for granted.

We need to work for the upholding of the Bandung Principles in addressing violent conflicts, terrorism, renewed nuclear and other armament threats, climate change and its repercussions. We must deepen multilateral cooperation to succeed in this important endeavor.

We must bear in mind that the end of the Cold War has not diminished the role of NAM in the international system and its members cannot rest on their oars. Today the major task is to ensure that the aforementioned challenges are tackled with the same fervor of NAM's earlier years.

It is important to also remember that the reality of our world is that developing countries continue to suffer from the protracted crises from the era predating the NAM. They also suffer the most from the ravages of conflicts, wars and disregard for international law, fueled by geopolitics. For these reasons, it is important that NAM focus appropriately on issues of respect for human rights and justice, sustainable development, and democratization – as these align very well with the Bandung principles, as well as the Charter of the United Nations.

[...]

The Movement needs to work within the United Nations to strengthen the peace and security architecture, particularly making a priority of prevention. This also entails that drivers of conflict such as poverty, lack of access to education, inequality, and employment opportunities, must also be tackled head-on.

We must focus particularly on ensuring that youth, women and girls can effectively participate in society. We also have to make adequate provision for people with disabilities to function. Among other things, governments should facilitate and ensure that the girl child can get quality education.

It is important to consistently advocate for the creation of a mutually beneficial international economic space through the creation, development and diffusion of new innovations and technologies. This could be done within the framework of the South-South Cooperation.

If we will make appreciable progress, we must ensure the equal participation of women in the economic sector, as it is not smart to exclude half of the population from the productive sector. In communities that are in conflict, or recovering from conflict, it is important to include women in the reconciliation and peace building efforts.

[...]

Without doubt, the continued upholding of the NAM principles will mean that NAM members, show solidarity, friendly resolution of differences, and a determination to never engage in bitter rivalries; but instead prioritize cooperation, mutual interest and respect. Member States of the Movement must continue to rally themselves to ensure that they are better able to deal with challenges that confront them.

(H.E. Tijjani Muhammad Bande, *ibid.*)

The quotation above raises many questions, especially these sentences: “We must bear in mind that the end of the Cold War has not diminished the role of NAM in the international system and its members cannot rest on their oars. Today the major task is to ensure that the aforementioned challenges are tackled with the same fervor of NAM's earlier years.” 60 years after the 1961

Belgrade Conference of Non-Aligned Countries, the bipolar geopolitical order of the world has disappeared since 30 years, if it is counted from the fall of the Soviet Union in 1991. Yet, the Non-Aligned Movement as alternative to bipolarism continues to operate. It is the largest grouping of states worldwide after the UN. 120 state members of the movement continue to organise periodically their summit involving their heads of state or of government. The most recent one was the 18th and took place on October 25-26, 2019 in Baku, Azerbaijan. How come the movement continues to survive while the bipolarism as its “raison d'être” does not exist anymore? Is there any “hidden meaning” of “non-alignment”? Is there any “non-alignment” on other issues than “bipolarism”?

In his view, Samir Amin affirmed that Bandung and Non Aligned Movement were essentially, since the beginning, “non-aligned” to imperialism, colonialism and domination that now metamorphosed into globalisation. *“The real story of Bandung and Non-Alignment that arose from it showed that the peoples of Asia and Africa actually seized at the time an initiative by themselves and for themselves. The reader will find in what I have written a demonstration that the Non-Alignment was already a movement of countries non aligned on globalisation in contrast to the globalisation that the imperialist powers wanted to impose on countries that had regained their independence, substituting the deceased colonialism with a neocolonialism.”* He continued: *“Non-Alignment constituted a refusal to comply with the requirements of this renewed imperialist globalisation. Imperialism won the battle, for the moment at least. Non-Alignment was, therefore, itself a positive factor in the transformation of the world for the better, despite all its limitations.”* And finally: *“We can therefore say that even if the world today is no longer that of 1960 – a banal and obvious observation – the Movement of Non-Aligned there was already 60-year ago was a Movement of countries Non Aligned on Globalisation, that globalisation they wanted to impose on us at the time.”* (Samir Amin, *The Revival of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries*, May 2014, article published at several websites including <https://www.globalresearch.ca/the-revival-of-the-movement-of-non-aligned-countries/5383510>). It is in line with his theory of “Delinking” defined in short as “the refusal to submit national development strategy to the imperative of globalization” (Samir Amin, *A Note on the Concept of Delinking*, Review, Fernand Braudel Center, vol. 10, no. 3, 1987, pp. 435–444. JSTOR, www.jstor.org/stable/40241067).

How about facts and realities? Do the state members of NAM agree with the view of Tijjani Muhammad Bande and/or Samir Amin? Are the NAM state members “non-aligned” to globalisation? Does the national development strategy of the NAM state members reflect a “delinking” phenomenon? How are the relations between NAM state members with former blocs of superpowers: the West Bloc (Western Europe and North America) and the East Bloc (Central and Eastern Europe, Russia, China), past and present? What are the role and the place of peoples and other non-state actors, civil society, social and solidarity movements, academics, workers, trade unions... in this global geopolitics?

It is to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the Belgrade Conference of Non-Aligned Countries that those questions are chosen to be the main subject of presentation and discussion of the fifth edition of The Rise of Asia Conference Series. It encourages the participation of scholars from a wide range of scientific disciplines (area studies, cultural studies, ecology, economics, geography, history, humanities, languages, management, political and social sciences...) and practitioners from diverse professional fields (business, civil society, education, enterprise, government, management, parliament, public policy, social and solidarity movements...) as well as artists and writers, based in diverse geographical areas (Africa, North, Central and South America, Australia, Asia, the Caribbean, Europe, Oceania, Pacific...).

See the full programme at the following pages.

The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications

PROGRAMME DAY1

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 10, 2021	
GMT+1	PLENARY SESSION
09:00-09:15	RECEPTION/INSTALLATION/CONNECTION
09:15-09:45	PARIS OPENING SESSION
09:45-10:00	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION
10:00-12:00	SESSION 1: THE GENESIS OF NAM-THE INITIATIVE OF FIVE
	Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Christina Wu NASSER by Mohamed Elchime NEHRU by Manoranjan Mohanty NKRUMAH by Amzat Boukary-Yabara SOEKARNO by Darwis Khudori TITO by Jovan Cavoski
12:00-13:45	LUNCH BREAK
13:45-14:00	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION
14:00-15:00	SESSION 2: THE 1961 BELGRADE NAM CONFERENCE ARCHIVES
	Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta (tbc) YUGOSLAVIAN AUDIO-VISUAL ARCHIVES ON BELGRADE NAM CONFERENCE by Mila Turajlic
15:00-15:15	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION
15:15-18:00	SESSION 3: NAM AND GLOBAL ISSUES
	Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta (tbc) GEOPOLITICS-GLOBALISATION-REGIONALISATION by Istvan Tarrosy GEOPOLITICAL ECONOMY by Prabhat Patnaik CULTURES-IDENTITIES-IDEOLOGIES by Isaac Bazié ECOLOGY-SUSTAINABILITY by Devon Dublin INFORMATION-COMMUNICATION-TECHNOLOGY-MEDIA by Dimitris Konstantakopoulos ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT by Gracjan Cimek/Happymon Jacob (tbc) GENDER AND WOMEN'S ISSUES by Bidyut Mohanty/Diah Ariani Arimbi/Seema Mehra Parihar? NEW GLOBALISM IN A POST-COVID WORLD by Manoranjan Mohanty

PROGRAMME DAY2

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 11, 2021						
GMT+1	PLENARY SESSION					
09:00-09:15	RECEPTION/INSTALLATION/CONNECTION					
09:15-09:45	LE HAVRE OPENING SESSION					
09:45-10:00	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION					
10:00-12:00	SESSION 4	SESSION 7	SESSION 10	SESSION 13	SESSION 16	SESSION 19
	ASIA 1 3-5 countries	AFRICA 1 3-5 countries	ICT&MEDIA 3-4 speakers	WESTERNWORLD 3-5 speakers	GEOPOLITICS 1 3-5 speakers	GENDER 1 3-5 speakers
11:20-13:45	LUNCH BREAK					
13:45-14:00	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION					
14:00-15:30	SESSION 5	SESSION 8	SESSION 11	SESSION 14	SESSION 17	SESSION 20
	ASIA 2 3-5 countries	AFRICA 2 3-5 countries	LATIN AMERICA 1 3-5 countries	CULTURE 3-4 speakers	GEOPOLITICS 2 3-4 speakers	GENDER 2 3-4 speakers
15:30-15:45	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION					
15:45-17:15	SESSION 6	SESSION 9	SESSION 12	SESSION 15	SESSION 18	SESSION 21
	ASIA 3 3-5 countries	AFRICA 3 3-5 countries	LATIN AMERICA 2 3-5 countries	ASIA BUSINESS 1 3-4 speakers	GEOPOLITICS 3 3-4 speakers	GENDER 3 3-4 speakers

PROGRAMME DAY3

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 12, 2021						
08:45-09:00	RECEPTION/INSTALLATION/CONNECTION					
09:00-10:30	SESSION 22	SESSION 24	SESSION 26	SESSION 28	SESSION 30	SESSION 32
	CEE&RUSSIA 3-5 countries	MEDITERRANEAN 3-4 speakers	ECOLOGY 3-4 speakers	ASIA BUSINESS 2 3-4 speakers	NEW GLOBALISM 3-4 speakers	GENDER 4 3-4 speakers
10:30-10:45	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION					
10:45-12:15	SESSION 23	SESSION 25	SESSION 27	SESSION 29	SESSION 31	SESSION 33
		BRICS-G20 3-5 speakers	ARMS CONTROL 3-5 speakers	ASIA BUSINESS 3 3-4 speakers	GEOPOLECONOMY 3-4 speakers	GENDER 5 3-4 speakers
12:15-13:45	LUNCH BREAK					
13:45-14:00	INSTALLATION/CONNECTION					
14:00-14:30	CLUSTER CHAIRPERSONS' REPORT PREPARATION					
14:30-16:45	SESSION 34: PLENARY REPORT FROM EVERY CLUSTER					
16:45-17:15	SESSION 35: CONCLUDING REMARKS: Manoranjan Mohanty					
17:15-17:30	THANKS: Darwis Khudori					

See the list of speakers and topics at the following page.

The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 10, 2021

Plenary Sessions

SESSION 1 10:00-12:00 THE GENESIS OF NAM-The Initiative of Five

Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Christina Wu

NASSER by Mohamed Elchime

NEHRU by Manoranjan Mohanty

NKRUMAH by Amzat Boukari-Yabara

SOEKARNO by Darwis Khudori

TITO by Jovan Cavoski

SESSION 2 14:00-15:00 THE GENESIS OF NAM-The 1961 Belgrade Archives as a UNESCO Memory of the World

Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta (tbc)

YUGOSLAVIAN AUDIO-VISUAL ARCHIVES by Mila Turajlic

SESSION 3 15:15-18:00 BELGRADE 60 YEARS ON in Global Perspectives

Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta (tbc)

GEOPOLITICS-GLOBALISATION-REGIONALISATION by Istvan Tarrosy

GEOPOLITICAL ECONOMY by Prabhat Patnaik

CULTURES-IDENTITIES-IDEOLOGIES by Isaac Bazié

ECOLOGY-SUSTAINABILITY by Devon Dublin

INFORMATION-COMMUNICATION-TECHNOLOGY-MEDIA by Dimitris Konstantakopoulos

ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT by Gracjan Cimek/Happymon Jacob (tbc)

GENDER AND WOMEN'S ISSUES by Bidyut Mohanty/Diah Ariani Arimbi/Seema Mehra Parihar?

NEW GLOBALISM IN A POST-COVID WORLD by Manoranjan Mohanty

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 11, 2021

Parallel Sessions

SESSION 4 10:00-12:00 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Asian Perspectives 1

Co-chairs: Nisar Ul-Haq & Marzia Casolari

BANGLADESH by Hasan Tarique Chowdhury

CHINA by Yin Zhiguang

INDIA by Ambikesh Kumar Tripathi

INDONESIA by Faishal Aminuddin

MALAYSIA by Mohamed Mustafa Ishak

SESSION 5 14:00-15:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Asian Perspectives 2

Co-chairs: Nisar Ul-Haq & Marzia Casolari

LEBANON by Boutros Labaki

NEPAL by Shreedhar Gautam

PALESTINE by Ziad Medoukh

PAKISTAN by Zahid Anwar

SESSION 6 15:45-17:15 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Asian Perspectives 3

Co-chairs: Nisar Ul-Haq & Marzia Casolari

SRI LANKA by Irasha Siriwardhane

IRAN by Ali Mohaghegh

KOREA (North and South) by Seo Dongjin (tbc)

NORTH KOREA by Marco Milani

VIETNAM BY Le Hang Nga (tbc)

SESSION 7 10:00-12:00 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from African Perspectives 1 (in French)

Co-chairs: Amzat Boukari-Yabara & Noël Magloire Ndoba

ALGERIA by Mohammed Harbi (tbc)

GHANA-CONGO by Élisabeth Dikizeko

CONGO by Noël Magloire Ndoba

MOROCCO by Fatima Harrak

TUNISIA by Mohammed Larbi Haouat

SESSION 8 14:00-15:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from African Perspectives 2 (in French)

Co-chairs: Amzat Boukari-Yabara & Noël Magloire Ndoba

BURKINA FASO by Isaac Bazié

COTE D'IVOIRE by Mahomed Boubacard N'Guessan et Cho Epouse Moustapha Brou

GUINEA by Mamadou Aliou Dialo

MALI by Jean Bosco Konaré

SENEGAL by Jean-Jacques Ngor Sène

SESSION 9 15:45-17:15 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from African Perspectives 3 (in English)

Co-chairs: Fatima Harrak (tbc) & Jean-Jacques Ngor Sène

EGYPT by Mohamed Elchime

ETHIOPIA by Alemseged Abbay

The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications

NIGERIA by Oka Obono
SOUTH AFRICA by Siphamandla Zondi

SESSION 10 10:00-12:00 Information-Communication-Technology-Media

Co-chairs: Dimitris Konstantakopoulos & Tsvetelin Anastasov
BISSIO Beatriz, *Third World Magazine in NAM Perspective of a New Global Information Order*
WADE Adama, *Information, Communication, Média 60 ans du MNA dans une perspective africaine*
ANASTASOV Tsvetelin, *China's AI Dominance*

SESSION 11 14:00-15:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Latin American & The Caribbean Perspectives 1

Co-chairs: Beatriz Bissio & Monica Bruckmann (tbc) / Pedro Paez (tbc)
BRAZIL by Samuel Pinheiro Guimarães
CHILE by Isabel Cabana
ECUADOR by Pedro Paez
GUYANA by Devon Dublin
COLOMBIA by José David Moreno

SESSION 12 15:45-17:15 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Latin American & The Caribbean Perspectives 2

Co-chairs: Beatriz Bissio & Monica Bruckmann (tbc) / Pedro Paez (tbc)
ARGENTINA by Atilio Boron
BOLIVIA by Miguel Angel Pérez
CUBA by Leonel Nodal
VENEZUELA by Luis Britto García
PERU by Rafael Roncagliolo

SESSION 13 10:00-12:00 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Western World Perspective

Co-chairs: Bruno Drewski & Marco Ricceri
CYPRUS by Marios Evryviadis
FRANCE by Bruno Drweski
ITALY by Giuseppe Sacco
AUSTRIA by Hans Köchler

SESSION 14 14:00-15:30 Cultures-Identities-Ideologies

Co-chairs: Issac Bazié & Kim Soyoung
GINO Mariana, KI-ZERBO Lazare, *Dimension culturelle du non-alignement et décolonisation chez Joseph Ki-Zerbo*
LEE Jaesun, *Neither Here nor There: Cultural Change and Opportunities for South Korean Adoptees*
SARAGIH Tomy Michael, *The Concept of Protecting the Country in the Digital Age Based on the Thought of Ki Hadjar Dewantara*
SEN Ni, 1) *Cultural Reflections in Korea's Pandemic Film*; 2) *Film Communication within East Asia in the pre-pandemic, pandemic, and post-pandemic era*
STOICA Diana Sfetlana, *The rise of RIC from BRICS and the cultural transformations in Eastern Africa*

SESSION 15 15:45-17:15 Business with Asia 1

Co-chairs: Stéphane Leydier & Tsvetelin Anastasov
LE MARCHAND Arnaud
RUFFINI Pierre-Bruno
CORRUBLE Guillaume
BONIS

SESSION 16 10:00-12:00 Geopolitics-Globalisation-Regionalisation 1

Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Viktor Eszterhai
CABANA Isabel, *Japan's cultural diplomacy to Latin America in the XXth century*
LUCENTI Flavia, *The China threat: an unnecessarily forward-looking posture*
OUYANG Xiangying, *The Enlightenment and Reflections on China's Road in 70 Years*
ESZTERHAI Viktor, *Limitations of Hungary's Eastern Opening Policy in the Light of the World Systems Theory*
PARIHAR Seema Mehra, *Merging Boundaries during COVID 19 Pandemic: A mental map perspective*

SESSION 17 14:00-15:30 Geopolitics-Globalisation-Regionalisation 2

Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Viktor Eszterhai / Marzia Casolari
MARKO Dávid, *Geopolitics of Indonesia under President Joko Widodo*
OBUČINA Fr Vedran, *Ayatollah's Agreement: Islamic Republic of Iran's Role in The Contemporary Non-Aligned Movement*
KUMAR Devender, *India and the Middle East amidst Covid Crisis: Non-alignment to Multi-alignment*
KUMAR Mrinalini, *India's Entanglement in the Web of the Emerging Bipolar Dynamic: Need for a Repackaged Non-Alignment for a Reimagined Cold War*

SESSION 18 15:45-17:15 Geopolitics-Globalisation-Regionalisation 3

Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Viktor Eszterhai
ABBAY Alemseged, *The Break-up of Ethiopia?*
BENCHARAD Amine, NEHARI Abdelkader, *Algerian diplomatic behavior towards the worsening Libyan crisis*
NWAEZEIGWE Nwankwo Tony, *Black Africa and Third World power equation in global power struggles: The Dilemma of the Neo-Colonial Dimensions of the Bandung and Belgrade Non-Aligned Summits*
SHILINA Marina G., *The NAM and Russia: Transformations and new challenges in the 21st century*

SESSION 19 10:00-12:00 Gender and Women's Issues 1

The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications

Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar
 MOHANTY Bidyut, *Women, Covid-19 and the Panchayats: A Perspective on Ecological Economy*
 GULTOM Eva Solina, *Fighting Online Violence against Women during Covid-19 in Indonesia*
 MOULI T. Sai Chandra, *Quest for Identity with Dignity: A Study of Transgenders' Trauma*
 UGBUDIAN Lucky Igohosa, *Anti-sexual Harassment Movement in Nigeria*
 SURYA Yuyun W.I., *The Politics Of Hair in Indonesia: The Articulation Of Papuan Women Ethnic Identity On Facebook*

SESSION 20 14:00-15:30 Gender and Women's Issues 2

Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar
 PARIHAR Seema Mehra, *Gender and challenges: Some spatial insights from 2019-2021*
 ASHA Hans (tbc)
 SWARNAMAYEE Tripathy (tbc)

SESSION 21 15:45-17:15 Gender and Women's Issues 3

Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar
 BASIRI Nasim, *Women and Cinema in Pre and Post-Revolutionary Iran*
 ZADEH Fatemeh Hossein, *Women Singers' Struggles in Present Iran*
 ALI Azam, *Belief, Truth, Power & Resistance in Art*

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 12, 2021

Parallel Sessions

SESSION-22 09:00-10:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Central-Eastern Europe and Russian Perspectives

Co-chairs: Annamaria Artner & Gracjan Cimek
 AZERBEIJAN by Jason E. Strake
 RUSSIA by Polina Traver
 SERBIA by Dusan Prorokovic
 HUNGARY by Istvan Tarrosy
 POLAND by Gracjan Cimek (tbc)

SESSION-23 10:45-12:15

SESSION 24 09:00-10:30 The Mediterranean

Co-chairs: Marco Ricceri & Fatima HARRAK (tbc)
 ALBINYANA I SAIGI Roger, *The challenges of post-COVID 19 Mediterranean societies and the prospect of cooperation in the Med area*
 MANENTI Francesca, *China and the Mediterranean Sea Beijing's pragmatic approach to the region*
 MOLINARO Enrico, *Collective Identity and the Euro-Med Cooperation Revival*
 TOSTI DI STEFANO Elena, *Navigating through competitive multipolarity. The long-standing quest for a comprehensive EU approach in the Southern Mediterranean*
 PROVENZANO Giuseppe, *The Union for the Mediterranean UfM: for a renewed cooperation spirit and strategic projects in Med Area*
 Tshitshi KAYAMBA (tbc)

SESSION 25 10:45-12:15 BRICS-G20

Co-chairs: Marco Ricceri & Dragana Mitrovic
 RICCERI Marco, *For a new world economic order: the principles of sustainability applied by the BRICS NDB Bank and the main Multilateral Development Banks MDBs*
 SOUSA Rodolfo Milhomem De, *The Comprehensive Convention on International Terrorism: BRICS News Approaches on the Global Arena*
 YARIGINA Irina Z., *Challenges for BRICS Trade Cooperation*
 RAIMONDI Paolo, *BRICS: local currencies, productive credit and debt reduction. Policies for a new global economic architecture*
 RIDOLFI Roberto, *BRICS and AFRICA: the need of a new investment paradigm for sustainability*

SESSION 26 09:00-10:30 Ecology-Sustainability

Co-chairs: Devon Dublin & Paolo Motta
 MOTTA Paolo, *Sustainable Urban Development and Covid 19 Pandemic Impacts*
 KUSUMANTO T Yanti, SURTIARI Gusti Ayu Ketut, *Dealing with Greater Jakarta flooding inclusively from social, environmental and economic perspectives*
 UDEH Chiagozie, *Financing Climate Adaptation: Key for Africa's Climate Resilience*
 CUELLAR-RAMIREZ Palmira, *Engagement of young people in climate policies in the Global South*
 HIMAWATI Ani, MAIER Russell, 1) *An Earthen Ethic for Solving Plastic; 2) The Rise of the Regenerative Ecobrick Movement*

SESSION 27 10:45-12:15 Arms Control & Disarmament

Co-chairs: Gracjan Cimek & Akhil Dutta (tbc)
 KONSTANTAKOPOULOS Dimitris, *Return to nuclear arms competition and the ideology of Trumpian Far Right*
 SUHRAWARDY Nilofar, *NAM & Nuclear Diplomacy*
 ZAMAN Shams (tbc)
 JACOB Happymon (tbc)
 ROIJ Azril Bacal

SESSION 28 09:00-10:30 Business with Asia 2

Co-chairs: Stéphane Leydier & Tsvetelin Anastasov
 TAMBUNAN Tulus, *Investment opportunities for EU SMEs in ASEAN*

The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications

RADEV Nas, *Open Banking / Regional Regulation Policies*
 NG Michelle, *Venture Capital and Innovation*

SESSION 29 10:45-12:15 Business with Asia (testimony)

Co-chairs: Agathe Jeusset & Najoua Chetioui
 ALUMNIS MASTER ASIE
 SPRIET Simon (Vietnam)
 SALAUN Thibault (Thailand)

SESSION-30 09:00-10:30 New Globalism in a Post-Covid World

Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Beatriz Bissio
 KONSTANTAKOPOULOS Dimitris, *Globalization and Imperialism, Nationalism and Capitalism*
 ZONDI Siphamandla, *Delinking, Development Strategy and the Global South: a Decolonial Perspective*
 MITROVIC Dragana, *The BRI and the Tech-war in the Covid and post-Covid world*
 VEDUTA Elena, *Digital transformation of globalization: digital fascism or digital democracy*
 BISSIO Béatriz, *Post-Covid world: Lessons to be learned and voices to be heard*

SESSION 31 10:45-12:15 Geopolitical Economy

Co-chairs: Annamaria Artner & Tulus Tambunan
 ARTNER Annamaria, *The long transition and Eastern Europe*
 ASIKIN Mukti Zaenal, *Lessons from A Succeed and Failed Cooperative: Kibbutz Degania (Israel) and KUD Bumijawa (Indonesia) Experience*
 HAMITOUCHE Youcef, *The competition between China and France over economic stakes in Algeria*
 KLEMENSITS Péter, ZOLTAI Alexandra, *The effects of the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) on the ASEAN economies*

SESSION 32 09:00-10:30 Gender and Women's Issues 4

Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar
 ARIMBI Diah Ariani, *Look What Coronavirus Has Done to Us*
 SUSANTI Emy, *Social Capital of Women and the Existence of Local Cultural Handicraft Home-Based Industry During Covid-19 Pandemic In Java Indonesia*
 KUNTARI Satiti, HAMID Thalca, PRADOPO Seno, TEDJOSASONGKO Udijanto, *Increasing Knowledge of Pregnant Women and Mothers of Toddlers about Dental Health and Oral Cavities during the Covid-19 Pandemic in Indonesia*
 WORO Yuni, SUAEDI Falih, *Model for Women Sociopreneurship in Indonesian Family Economic Recovery during the Covid19 Pandemic: Study on Small Buisness Groups in Surabaya*

SESSION 33 10:45-12:15 Gender and Women's Issues 5

Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar
 SUKESI Keppi, *Collective Awareness and Resilience of Women in Higher Education in Indonesia towards Covid-19 Pandemic*
 AFIFAH Wiwik, *The Vulnerability of Women in Policies Handling Covid19 Pandemic in Indonesia*
 LILIANA Dewi, *Increasing Information Literacy For Indonesian Women To Fight Disruptive Information Related To Covid-19*
 BUDIRAHAYU Tuti, SUSANTI Emy, MAS'UDAH Siti, *Women's Vulnerability in Economic Problems and Education of Children in Families in the Pandemic Time of Covid-19*
 FARIDA Anis, *Canthelan: A Solution to Share and Care During the Covid-19 Pandemic*

Plenary Sessions

SESSION 34: PLENARY REPORT FROM EVERY CLUSTER

SESSION 35: CONCLUDING REMARKS: Manoranjan Mohanty